

TORAL

Instructed to Surrender at Discretion.

Blanco So Notifies the Home Government==The End May Come Soon.

MORE VIGOR DECIDED ON BY MILES.

Madrid, July 14.--(Special.)--Capt. Gen. Blanco has notified the War Department that he has instructed Gen. Toral, in command at Santiago, to resist attack as long as possible, but to surrender at his own discretion.

Wheeler Climbed a Tree.

Shafter Filled With Envy.

Santiago, July 14.--(Special.)--Gen. Wheeler is particularly addicted to "scouting." Tuesday this kindly, mild-looking little veteran, who swung his hat and jumped like a boy when the first Hotchkiss shell struck the Spanish breastworks, went out on a reconnaissance that took him within four miles of Santiago. There happened to be a handy palm tree at this point and up the trunk the general swarmed, perching in the branches and calmly surveying the outworks of the enemy through the field glasses.

Gen. Shafter reached Gen. Wheeler's quarters last evening and dropped breathless into a hammock, which creaked so alarmingly under



MAJ. GEN. JOSEPH WHEELER.

This gallant ex-confederate cavalry leader is now in charge of the cavalry division of the United States army. He was for a long time what some called an "un-reconstructed southerner," but now is one of the most loyal Americans. Prior to his appointment as major general by President McKinley he was a representative in congress from the Eighth Alabama district. The picture shows the general in his new union blue uniform.

his weight that he quickly abandoned it for the ground. In the course of the conversation that followed the venerable ex-confederate officer alluded to the tree-climbing incident.

"You climb a tree!" exclaimed Gen. Shafter.

"Certainly; why not?" replied Gen. Wheeler.

"How old are you, general?" inquired the portly commander of his invading forces.

"Sixty-one, but I don't feel it," said Gen. Wheeler.

Gen. Shafter eyed the spare figure before him silently and enviously for a moment and then he said: "Well, I wish I could do that."

Iowa Sent to Dry Dock

For Needed Repairs.

New York, July 14.--(Special.)--The Dry Dock Brooklyn navy yard is preparing to receive the battleship Iowa. She will enter dock in two weeks to have her bottom cleaned and to have an unexploded Spanish shell removed from her armor, where it was imbedded in the recent naval battle.

FALL OF SANTIAGO.

The City Formally Surrenders this Afternoon at 3:00.

TORAL AND HIS ARMY RETURN TO SPAIN!

Washington, July 14, 3:05 p. m.--Special.--The city of Santiago formally surrendered at 3 p. m.

Washington, July 14, 2 p. m.--Special.--The following has just been given out:

Playa Del Este, July 14.--Just returned from an interview with Gen. Toral. He agrees to surrender on the basis of being returned to Spain. The proposition embraces the Eastern end of Cuba from Aceraderos on the South to Sagua on the North, via Palma with practically the fourth army corps.

Washington, July 14.--(Special.)--Gen. Shafter, it is stated, has been authorized to appoint a commission to arrange the details of the surrender, provided it is immediate.

Secretary Alger feels that the surrender is practically accomplished.

Gen. Corbin says he has no doubt that the surrender is complete now (at 1:30 p. m.) unless there has been treachery, which he does not anticipate.

Toral Asks For a Commission.

Washington, July 14.--(Special.)--Shortly after 11 o'clock the Secretary of War received a dispatch from Gen. Shafter saying Gen. Toral had asked for the appointment of commissioners to consider terms of surrender. It is believed the dispatch indicates that Santiago is on the point of being delivered over to the Americans.

The Latest from Manila.

The City May Have Fallen July 9.

Chicago, July 14.--(Special.)--A Record special from Manila says the insurgents are concentrating their forces around Manila in a supreme effort to capture it. A general attack is expected July 9. The insurgents have a strong desire to possess the capital before the Americans make a land attack.

Honolulu, July 14.--(Special.)--The Monadnock and Nero arrived here July 4. They should reach Dewey by July 30.

A CONCEITED ENGLISHMAN SAYS DEWEY'S GUNNERS ARE ENGLISH.

London, July 14.--(Special.)--Robt. Cunningham Graham, formerly member of Parliament, in a letter to the St. James Gazette, says the excellent gunnery of Dewey's ships was due to the fact that most of the chief gunners were Englishmen decoyed from the British ships by the payment of \$500 each.

Sagasta Rejects the Terms

Of Peace in Advance.

Madrid, July 14.--(Special.)--The Epoca advises the government to occupy the northern provinces immediately, as an organization of Carlists is certain.

Sagasta declares that Spain cannot accept the peace proposals American newspapers ascribe to President McKinley.

Getting Ready For Watson.

Working On Cadiz Harbor.

London, July 13.--(Special.)--A dispatch to Lloyds from Cadiz says all buoys, lights and land marks have been removed from the harbor at Cadiz.

The Irene Called Down.

Dewey Takes No Foolishness.

Manila, July 9, via Hong Kong, July 14.--The insurgents on Wednesday, July 6, reported that the German ship Irene, in Subig Bay, refused to permit them to attack the Spaniards on Grande Island. Rear Admiral Dewey promptly dispatched the Raleigh and Concord to investigate the matter. On entering the Subig Bay the Raleigh opened fire on the forts, whereupon the Irene slipped her cable and steamed out by the other channel.

The result of the fire of the American warsip was that the Spaniards, numbering over 500 men, surrendered everything.

On returning to Manila the Irene explained that she had interfered "in the cause of humanity," and offered to hand over to the Americans the refugees she had on board. Admiral Dewey, however, declined to accept them.

Good Advice to Spain--Powers

Recommend Peace Negotiations.

London, July 14.--(Special.)--A Berlin correspondent of the Times says:

Several powers have confidentially hinted to the Madrid authorities that peace negotiations ought to be begun immediately. They have also advised Spain to sell one or more of her islands to the United States as security for indemnity, and to convert the Philippines and other colonies into republics under Spanish suzerainty.

Not Certain About It.

May Not Be Yellow Fever.

Washington, July 14.--(Special.)--Surgeon General Sternberg said this morning that not a single fatality from the supposed yellow fever had been reported from the army in Cuba. Until death occurs he cannot tell positively whether it is yellow fever or not.

Peace Talk in Madrid.

Madrid, July 14.--(Special.)--Almadorar admits that the British ambassador to Spain has made representations in the direction of peace, but only in a semi-official capacity.

A Pacific Cable To

Be Begun in Six Months.

Honolulu, H. I., July 8, via San Francisco, July 14.--(Special.)--A contract has been signed to lay a cable to San Diego, Cal., to Honolulu thence to Japan. Work will begin in six months.

Only New Troops for Porto Rico.

Washington, July 14, 3 p. m.--(Special.)--It has been decided that none of the troops now in Cuba will be sent to Porto Rico on account of yellow fever.

The Guido Becomes Ours.

Key West, July 14.--(Special.)--The prize ships Catalina, Buena Ventura and Guido, leave to-day for New York. The Guido will be transformed into an auxiliary cruiser.